

# Rathdowney State School

# Student Code of Conduct

2024-2027

# Equity and Excellence: realising the potential of every student

Equity and Excellence outlines the government's vision for a progressive, high-performing education system. Equity and Excellence provides clarity for schools about priorities and expectations, with differentiated support targeted to each school's context and needs.

# **Contact Information**

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# Endorsement

Principal Name:

Mr Wesley Kroll

Principal Signature:

13-12-2024

Date:

P/C President Name:

Miss Emma Williams

P/C President Signature:

Date:

13-12-2024

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#### Purpose

Rathdowney State School is committed to providing a safe, respectful and disciplined learning environment for all students, staff, parents and visitors.

The Rathdowney State School Student Code of Conduct sets out the responsibilities and processes we use in our school to promote a productive, effective whole school approach to discipline.

Its purpose is to facilitate high standards of behaviour from all in the school community, ensuring learning and teaching in our school is prioritised, where all students are able to experience success and staff enjoy a safe workplace.

#### Whole School Approach to Discipline

Rathdowney State School uses Positive Behaviour for Learning (PBL) as the multi-tiered system of support for discipline in the school. This is a whole-school approach, used in all classrooms and programs offered through the school, including sporting activities and excursions.

PBL is an evidence-based framework used to:

- analyse and improve student behaviour and learning outcomes
- ensure that only evidence-based practices are used correctly by teachers to support students
- continually support staff members to maintain consistent school and classroom improvement practices.

At Rathdowney State School we believe discipline is about more than punishment. It is a word that reflects our belief that student behaviour is a part of the overall teaching and learning approach in our school. Our staff take responsibility for making their expectations clear, for providing supportive instruction about how to meet these expectations and strive to use behavioural incidents as opportunities to re-teach.

The development of the Rathdowney State School Student Code of Conduct is an opportunity to explain the PBL framework with parents and students, and gain their support to implement a consistent approach to teaching behaviour. The language and expectations of PBL can be used in any environment, including the home setting for students. Doing everything we can do to set students up for success is a shared goal of every parent and school staff member.

Any students or parents who have questions or would like to discuss the Student Code of Conduct or PBL are encouraged to speak with the class teacher or make an appointment to meet with the principal.

At Rathdownney State School we hold a set of beliefs in relation to children. These beliefs influence our decision-making and guide our interaction with the children at our school.

**We believe** that education is a life-long process. As such, each child at Rathdowney State School hould develop a heightened self awareness and a sense of personal responsibility.

We believe that schools are for students. The development of each indidivual student and the fostering of sensitivity and respect for oyther should be of paramount importance. So therefore: we believe children, staff, and other members of the school community have nonnegotiable rights:

- To feel safe
- To learn and to teach
- To be respected

**We believe** every student should be accepted as an indiivudl. Children comt to this school with their own uniwue personalities, backgrounds and experiences. These are accepted as the bases from which learning and personal growth is supported.

We believe that each child is responsible for their own behaviour and that all behaviour is linked to learning outcomes.

We believe students do best in a safe, positive and cooperative learning environment which values each individual's contributions.

**We believe** that behaviour is learned and can, therefore, be relearned. This is done through a process of relearning more appropriate behaviours in a supportive environment.

We believe there is an onus on teachers to be thoroughly professional, to use effective teaching strategies and to be available for consultation with parents and others.

#### **PBL Expectations**

Our staff are committed to delivering a high quality of education for every student, and believe all adults in the school, whether visiting or working, should meet the same five Positive Behaviour for Learning (PBL) expectations in place for students, being Thoughtful, Responsible, Accountable, Co-operative and Kind.

Our Student Code of Conduct outlines our system for facilitating positive behaviours, preventing problem behaviour and responding to unacceptable behaviours. Through our school plan, shared expectations for student behaviour are plain to everyone. This assists Rathdowney State School creating and maintaining a positive and productive learning and teaching environment, where ALL school community members have clear and consistent expectations and understandings of their role in the educational process.

Our school community has identified the following school rules to teach and promote Positive Behaviour for Learning:

- Be safe
- Be respectful.
- Be responsible

Below are examples of what these PBL expectations look like for students across the school. In addition, each classroom will have their own set of examples to help students and visitors understand the expectations and meet the standards we hold for everyone at Rathdowney State School.

#### **Thoughtful**

- Listen to fellow students' questions in class.
- Put rubbish in the bins provided.
- Use G rated language at school.

#### Responsible

- Be prepared for class.
- Complete your homework and assignments on time.
- Follow teacher directions.
- · Ask for help when you need.

#### Accountable

- Do your own work.
- Learn from your mistakes.
- Hand in items you find to the teacher.
- Be honest.
  - Co-operative
- Look for opportunities to help others.

- Take different roles for group work activities.
- Respect others space and belongings.
- Encourage fellow students to do their best.

#### Kind

- Say "please" and "thank you".
- Supports others when needed.
- Make a new friend.
- Give someone a compliment.

Our school rules have been agreed upon and endorsed by all staff and our school P&C. They are aligned with the values, principles and expected standards outlined in Education Queensland's Code of School Behaviour.

# Processes for facilitating standards of positive behaviour and responding to unacceptable behaviour

The first step in facilitating standards of positive behaviour is communicating those standards to all students. At Rathdowney State School we emphasise the importance of directly teaching students the behaviours we want them to demonstrate at school and while on school excursions. Communicating behavioural expectations is a form of universal behaviour support, a strategy directed towards all students designed to prevent problem behaviour and provides a framework for responding to unacceptable behaviour.

A set of behavioural expectations in specific settings has been attached to each of our three school rules. The PBLTeaching Matrix below outlines our agreed rules and specific behavioural expectations in all school settings.

	- s	nly oter to ea ool,	# e the	bus bus arby
	BUS LINES / BIKE RACKS	Use own bike/scooter only Walk bike/scooter to the gate Wait in the designated area under the school, until dismissed by staff member	Wait your turn     Notify duty staff     when you leave the     school	<ul> <li>Have your name marked on the bus roll</li> <li>Leave school promptly</li> <li>Keep your belongings nearby</li> </ul>
	POOL	<ul> <li>Follow staff directions at all times</li> <li>Only walk to, from and around the pool</li> <li>Abide by all signage at the pool, eg. no jumping, diving</li> <li>Be sunsafe</li> </ul>	Respect privacy of others     Be attentive to and follow instructions immediately	Use change rooms only for appropriate purposes Be prepared and responsible for your belongings and school equipment Take an active role in lessons
S MATRIX	TOILETS	<ul> <li>Respect privacy of others</li> <li>Use facilities for intended purposes only</li> </ul>	Wash hands     Walk     Use toilets     only for     appropriate     purposes	Use toilets during breaks Leave toilet area in a tidy manner with taps turned off
EXPECTATIONS MATRIX	STAIRWELL / VERANDAS	<ul> <li>Rails are for hands</li> <li>Walk one step at a time on stairs</li> <li>Carry items</li> <li>Keep passage ways clear at all times</li> <li>Use port racks for the purpose intended</li> </ul>	Walk quietly in an orderly way so that others are not disturbed	Move in a calm and orderly way according to staff directions
SCHOOLWIDE	PLAYGROUND	<ul> <li>Participate in school approved games</li> <li>Wear shoes and socks at all times</li> <li>Except in sandpit</li> <li>Be sun safe;</li> <li>wear a broad brimmed hat</li> </ul>	Play fairly – take turns, invite others to join in and follow rules     Care for the environment	Be a problem solver     Return equipment to appropriate place at the bell     Use high five strategy for playground issues
SCI	CLASSROOM	Walk     Sit still     Enter and exit room in an orderly manner     Use furniture for intended purposes only	Raise your hand to speak     Respect others' right to learn     Talk in turns     Be attentive, involved and encouraging	Be prepared     Complete set tasks     Take an active role in classroom activities     Keep work space tidy     Be honest
	ALL AREAS	<ul> <li>Use equipment appropriately</li> <li>Keep hands, feet and objects to yourself</li> <li>Use ICT's/electronic devices appropriately and responsibly both in and out of school.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Respect others' personal space and property</li> <li>Care for equipment</li> <li>Clean up after yourself appropriately</li> <li>Use polite language and manners</li> <li>Wait your turn</li> </ul>	Ask permission to leave the learning area     Be on time     Be in the right place at the right time     Follow instructions straight away     Be responsible for your belongings and all equipment
		BE SAFE	BE RESPECTFUL	BE KESPONSIBLE

These expectations are communicated to students via a number of strategies, including:

Behaviour lessons conducted by classroom teachers;
Reinforcement of learning from behaviour lessons on School Assemblies and during active supervision by staff during classroom and non-classroom activities.
Through reinforcement from home, with all stakeholders working together.

#### Parents and staff

The table below explains the PBL expectations for parents when visiting our school and the standards we commit to as staff.

#### Thoughtful

What we expect to see from you	What you can expect from us	
You make an appointment to speak with the class teacher or principal to discuss any matters relating to your child.	We will respond as soon as practicable to your request for an appointment and negotiate a mutually agreeable date and time with you.	
You are respectful in your conversations at home about school staff.	We will ensure positive behaviours are role modelled for all students.	
You leave and collect your child from the designated area at school.	We will give clear guidance about a designated area for parents to leave and collect students.	

#### Responsible

What we expect to see from you	What you can expect from us	
You respect the obligation of staff to maintain student and family privacy.	We will maintain confidentiality about information relating to your child and family.	
You ensure your children attend school every day and notify the school promptly of any absences or changes in contact details.	We will create a safe, supportive and inclusive environment for every student.	
You recognise people are different and will be non-judgemental, fair and equitable to others in the school community.	We will welcome and celebrate a diverse school community with recognition of significant social, cultural and historical events.	

#### Accountable

What we expect to see from you	What you can expect from us	
You support your child to meet the learning and behavioural expectations at school.	We are clear about our learning and behavioural expectations, and contact you to provide regular feedback about your child's progress.	
You stay informed about school news and activities by reading the school newsletter and other materials sent home by school staff.	We will use the electronic school newsletter as the primary means of notifying parents about school news, excursions or events.	
You approach the class teacher or principal if you are concerned about the behaviour of a staff member, another student or parent.	We will work with every family to quickly address any complaints or concerns about the behaviour of staff, students or other parents.	

#### Co-operative

What we expect to see from you	What you can expect from us	
You share relevant information about your child's learning, social and behavioural needs with school staff.	We will share relevant information with you about your child's learning, social and behavioural progress at school.	
You take a positive, solution- focused approach to resolving complaints.	We will nominate a contact person for you to work with to resolve a school related complaint.	
You respect school, student and staff privacy in your online communications.	We will act quickly to address social media issues that affect staff, students or families.	

#### Kind

What we expect to see from you	What you can expect from us	
You seek out opportunities to provide positive feedback to the classroom teacher about their work with the class, a student or colleagues.	We will work closely with families to accommodate their personal needs, including work commitments, finances and family structure.	
You help your child to see the strengths and benefits in diversity and difference in their classmates.	We will promote every child's individuality and build a cohesive, inclusive classroom and school culture.	
You notice when others need help, parents, staff and students, and ask if there is anything you do to assist.	We will check in with you about your child's needs or any support your family may require.	

#### Consideration of Individual Circumstances

Staff at Rathdowney State School take into account students' individual circumstances, such as their behaviour history, disability, mental health and wellbeing, religious and cultural considerations, home environment and care arrangements when teaching expectations, responding to inappropriate behaviour or applying a disciplinary consequence.

In considering the individual circumstances of each student, we recognise that the way we teach, the support we provide and the way we respond to students will differ. This reflects the principle of equity, where every student is given the support they need to be successful. This also means that not everyone will be treated the same, because treating everyone the same is not fair. For example, some students need additional support to interpret or understand an expectation. Others may benefit from more opportunities to practise a required skill or behaviour. For a small number of students, the use of certain disciplinary consequences may be considered inappropriate or ineffective due to complex trauma or family circumstances. These are all matters that our teachers and principal consider with each individual student in both the instruction of behaviour and the response to behaviour.

Our teachers are also obliged by law to respect and protect the privacy of individual students, so while we understand the interest of other students, staff and parents to know what punishment another student might have received, we will not disclose or discuss this information with anyone but

the student's family. This applies even if the behavioural incident, such as bullying, involves your child. You can be assured that school staff take all matters, such as bullying, very seriously and will address them appropriately. We expect that parents and students will respect the privacy of other students and families.

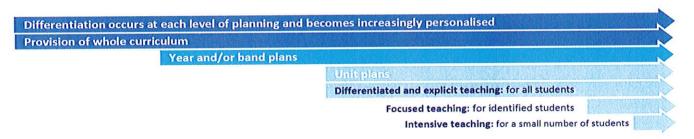
If you have concerns about the behaviour of another student at the school, or the way our staff have responded to their behaviour, please make an appointment with the principal to discuss the matter.

#### **Differentiated and Explicit Teaching**

Rathdowney State School is a disciplined school environment that provides differentiated teaching to respond to the learning needs of all students. This involves teaching expected behaviours and providing opportunities for students to practise these behaviours. Teachers reinforce expected behaviours, provide feedback and correction, and opportunities for practise.

Teachers at Rathdowney State School vary what students are taught, how they are taught and how students can demonstrate what they know as part of this differentiated approach to behaviour. These decisions about differentiation are made in response to data and day-to-day monitoring that indicates the behavioural learning needs of students. This enables our teachers to purposefully plan a variety of ways to engage students; assist them to achieve the expected learning; and to demonstrate their learning.

There are three main layers to differentiation, as illustrated in the diagram below. This model is the same used for academic and pedagogical differentiation.



These three layers map directly to the tiered approach discussed earlier in the Learning and Behaviour section. For example, in the PBL framework, Tier 1 is differentiated and explicit teaching for all students, Tier 2 is focussed teaching for identified students and Tier 3 is intensive teaching for a small number of students. Each layer provides progressively more personalised supports for students.

#### **Focused Teaching**

Approximately 15% of all students in any school or classroom may require additional support to meet behaviour expectations, even after being provided with differentiated and explicit teaching. These students may have difficulty meeting behavioural expectations in a particular period of the day or as part of a learning area/subject, and focused teaching is provided to help them achieve success.

Focused teaching involves revisiting key behavioural concepts and/or skills and using explicit and structured teaching strategies in particular aspects of a behaviour skill. Focused teaching provides students with more opportunities to practise skills and multiple opportunities to achieve the intended learning and expected behaviour.

Support staff, including teachers with specialist expertise in learning, language or development, work collaboratively with class teachers at Rathdowney State School to provide focused teaching. Focused teaching is aligned to the PBL Expectations Matrix, and student progress is monitored by the classroom teacher/s to identify those who:

- · no longer require the additional support
- require ongoing focussed teaching
- · require intensive teaching.

Rathdowney State School has a range of Student Support Network staff in place to help arrange and deliver focused teaching to students who need more support to meet expectations. In addition, the school invests in the following evidence-informed programs to address specific skill development for some students:

- The Incredible Years
- Check and Connect
- Shared Concern Method
- Functional Based Assessment.

For more information about these programs, please speak with the Dean of Students, Malcolm Smith.

#### **Intensive Teaching**

Research evidence shows that even in an effective, well-functioning school there will always be approximately 5% of the student population who require intensive teaching to achieve behavioural expectations. Intensive teaching involves frequent and explicit instruction, with individuals or in small groups, to develop mastery of basic behavioural concepts, skills and knowledge.

Some students may require intensive teaching for a short period, for particular behaviour skills. Other students may require intensive teaching for a more prolonged period. Decisions about the approach will be made based on data collected from their teacher or teachers, and following consultation with the student's family.

For a small number of students who continue to display behaviours that are deemed complex and challenging, then individualised, function-based behaviour assessment and support plans and multiagency collaboration may be provided to support the student. This approach will seek to address the acute impact of barriers to learning and participation faced by students who are negotiating a number of complex personal issues.

Students who require intensive teaching will be assigned an individual mentor at the school that will oversee the coordination of their program, communicate with stakeholders and directly consult with the student.

#### **Disciplinary Consequences**

The disciplinary consequences model used at Rathdowney State School follows the same differentiated approach used in the proactive teaching and support of student behavioural expectations.

The majority of students will be confident and capable of meeting established expectations that are clear, explicitly taught and practised. In-class corrective feedback, sanctions and rule reminders may be used by teachers to respond to low-level or minor problem behaviours.

Some students will need additional support, time and opportunities to practise expected behaviours. Approximately 15% of the student population may experience difficulty with meeting the stated expectations, and even with focussed teaching, in-class corrective feedback, sanctions and rule reminders continue to display low-level problem behaviour. A continued pattern of low-level behaviour can interfere with teaching and learning for the whole class, and a decision may be needed by the class teacher to refer the student to the school administration team immediately for determination of a disciplinary consequence.

For a small number of students, approximately 2-5%, a high level of differentiated support or intensive teaching is required to enable them to meet the behavioural expectations. This may be needed throughout the school year on a continuous basis. The determination of the need will be made by the principal in consultation with staff and other relevant stakeholders. On occasion the behaviour of a student may be so serious, such as causing harm to other students or to staff, that the principal may determine that an out of school suspension or exclusion is necessary as a consequence for the student's behaviour. Usually this course of action is only taken when the behaviour is either so serious as to warrant immediate removal of the student for the safety of others, and no other alternative discipline strategy is considered sufficient to deal with the problem behaviour.

The differentiated responses to problem behaviour can be organised into three tiers, with increasing intensity of support and consequences to address behaviour that endangers others or causes major, ongoing interference with class or school operations.

#### Differentiated

Class teacher provides in-class or in-school disciplinary responses to low-level or minor problem behaviour. This may include:

- Pre-correction (e.g. "Remember, walk quietly to your seat")
- Non-verbal and visual cues (e.g. posters, hand gestures)
- Whole class practising of routines
- Ratio of 5 positive to 1 negative commentary or feedback to class
- Corrective feedback (e.g. "Hand up when you want to ask a question")
- Rule reminders (e.g. "When the bell goes, stay seated until I dismiss you")
- Explicit behavioural instructions (e.g. "Pick up your pencil")
- Proximity control
- Tactical ignoring of inappropriate behaviour (not student)
- Revised seating plan and relocation of student/s
- Individual positive reinforcement for appropriate behaviour
- Classwide incentives
- Reminders of incentives or class goals
- Redirection
- Low voice and tone for individual instructions

- Give 30 second 'take-up' time for student/s to process instruction/s
- Reduce verbal language
- Break down tasks into smaller chunks
- Provide positive choice of task order (e.g. "Which one do you want to start with?")
- Prompt student to take a break or time away in class
- Model appropriate language, problem solving and verbalise thinking process (e.g. "I'm not sure what
  is the next step, who can help me?")
- Provide demonstration of expected behaviour
- Peer consequence (e.g. corrective feedback to influential peer demonstrating same problem behaviour)
- Private discussion with student about expected behaviour
- Reprimand for inappropriate behaviour
- Warning of more serious consequences (e.g. removal from classroom)
- Detention

#### Focussed

Class teacher is supported by other school-based staff to address in-class problem behaviour. This may include:

- Functional Behaviour Assessment
- Individual student behaviour support strategies (e.g. Student behaviour plan)
- · Targeted skills teaching in small group
- Token economy
- Detention
- Behavioural contract
- Counselling and guidance support
- Self-monitoring plan
- Check in Check Out strategy
- Teacher coaching and debriefing
- Referral to Student Support Network for team based problem solving
- Stakeholder meeting with parents and external agencies

#### Intensive

School leadership team work in consultation with Student Support Network to address persistent or ongoing serious problem behaviour. This may include:

- Functional Behaviour Assessment based individual support plan
- Complex case management and review
- Stakeholder meeting with parents and external agencies including regional specialists
- Temporary removal of student property (e.g. mobile phone)
- Short term suspension (up to 10 school days)
- Long term suspension (up to 20 school days)
- Charge related suspension (student has been charged with a serious criminal offence is suspended from school until the charge has been dealt with by the relevant justice authorities)
- Suspension pending exclusion (student is suspended from school pending a decision by the Director-General or delegate (principal) about their exclusion from school)
- Exclusion (student is excluded from a particular state school site, a group of state schools or all state schools in Queensland for a defined period of time or permanently)
- Cancellation of enrolment for students older than compulsory school age who refuse to participate in the educational program provided at the school.

#### **School Disciplinary Absences**

A School Disciplinary Absence (SDA) is an enforced period of absence from attending a Queensland state school, applied by the Principal as a consequence to address poor student behaviour. There are four types of SDA:

- Short suspension (1 to 10 school days)
- Long suspension (11 to 20 school days)
- Charge-related suspension
- Exclusion (period of not more than one year or permanently).

At Rathdowney State School, the use of any SDA is considered a very serious decision. It is typically only used by the Principal when other options have been exhausted or the student's behaviour is so dangerous that continued attendance at the school is considered a risk to the safety or wellbeing of the school community.

Parents and students may appeal a long suspension, charge-related suspension or exclusion decision. A review will be conducted by the Director-General or their delegate, and a decision made within 40 schools days to confirm, amend/vary or set aside the original SDA decision by the Principal.

The appeal process is a thorough review of all documentation associated with the SDA decision and provides an opportunity for both the school and the family to present their case in the matter. Time is afforded for collection, dissemination and response to the materials by both the school and the family. It is important that the purpose of the appeal is understood so that expectations are clear, and appropriate supports are in place to ensure students can continue to access their education while completing their SDA.

#### Re-entry following suspension

Students who are suspended from Rathdowney State School may be invited to attend a re-entry meeting on the day of their scheduled return to school. The main purpose of this meeting is to welcome the student, with their parent/s, back to the school. It is **not a time** to review the student's behaviour or the decision to suspend, the student has already received a punishment through their disciplinary absence from school. The aim of the re-entry meeting is for school staff to set the student up for future success and strengthen home-school communication.

It is not mandatory for the student or their parents to attend a re-entry meeting. It may be offered as a support for the student to assist in their successful re-engagement in school following suspension.

#### Arrangements

The invitation to attend the re-entry meeting will be communicated via telephone and in writing, usually via email. Re-entry meetings are short, taking less than 10 minutes, and kept small with only the Principal or their delegate attending with the student and their parent/s.

A record of the meeting is saved in OneSchool, under the Contact tab, including any notes or discussions occurring during the meeting.

#### Structure

The structure of the re-meeting should follow a set agenda, shared in advance with the student and their family. If additional items are raised for discussion, a separate arrangement should be made to meet with the parent/s at a later date and time. This meeting should be narrowly focussed on making the student and their family feel welcome back into the school community.

#### Possible agenda:

- Welcome back to school
- Check in on student wellbeing
- Discuss any recent changes to school routine or staffing
- Offer information about supports available (e.g. guidance officer)

- Set a date for follow-up
- · Thank student and parent/s for attending
- Walk with student to classroom

#### Reasonable adjustments

In planning the re-entry meeting, school staff will consider reasonable adjustments needed to support the attendance and engagement of the student. This includes selecting an appropriate and accessible meeting space, organising translation or interpretation services or supports (e.g. AUSLAN), provision of written and/or pictorial information and other relevant accommodations. The inclusion of support staff, such as guidance officers or Community Education Counsellors, may also offer important advice to ensure a successful outcome to the re-entry meeting.

#### **School Policies**

Rathdowney State School has tailored school discipline policies designed to ensure students, staff and visitors work cooperatively to create and maintain a supportive and safe learning environment. Please ensure that you familiarise yourself with the responsibilities for students, staff and visitors outlined in the following policies:

- Temporary removal of student property
- Use of mobile phones and other devices by students
- · Preventing and responding to bullying
- Appropriate use of social media

#### Temporary removal of student property

The removal of any property in a student's possession may be necessary to promote the caring, safe and supportive learning environment of the school, to maintain and foster mutual respect between all state school staff and students. The <u>Temporary removal of student property by school staff procedure</u> outlines the processes, conditions and responsibilities for state school principals and school staff when temporarily removing student property.

In determining what constitutes a reasonable time to retain student property, the principal or state school staff will consider:

- the condition, nature or value of the property
- the circumstances in which the property was removed
- the safety of the student from whom the property was removed, other students or staff members
- good management, administration and control of the school.

The Principal or state school staff determine when the temporarily removed student property can be returned, unless the property has been handed to the Queensland Police Service.

The following items are explicitly prohibited at Rathdowney State School and will be removed if found in a student's possession:

- illegal items or weapons (e.g. guns, knives\*, throwing stars, brass knuckles, chains)
- imitation guns or weapons
- potentially dangerous items (e.g. blades, rope)
- drugs\*\* (including tobacco)
- alcohol
- aerosol deodorants or cans (including spray paint)
- explosives (e.g. fireworks, flares, sparklers)
- flammable solids or liquids (e.g. fire starters, mothballs, lighters)
- poisons (e.g. weed killer, insecticides)
- inappropriate or offensive material (e.g. racist literature, pornography, extremist propaganda).
  - \* No knives of any type are allowed at school, including flick knives, ballistic knives, sheath knives, push daggers, trench knives, butterfly knives, star knives, butter knives, fruit knives or craft knives, or any item that can be used as a weapon, for example a chisel. Knives needed for school activities will be provided by the school, and the use of them will be supervised by school staff. In circumstances where students are required to have their own knives or sharp tools for particular subjects or vocational courses, the school will provide information about the procedures for carrying and storing these items at school.

\*\* The administration of medications to students by school staff is only considered when a prescribing health practitioner has determined that it is necessary or when there is no other alternative in relation to the treatment of a specific health need. Schools require medical authorisation to administer any medication to students (including over-the-counter medications such as paracetamol or alternative medicines).

#### Responsibilities

#### State school staff at Rathdowney State School:

- do not require the student's consent to search school property such as lockers, desks or laptops that
  are supplied to the student through the school;
- may seize a student's bag where there is suspicion that the student has a dangerous item (for example, a knife) in their school bag, prior to seeking consent to search from a parent or calling the police;
- consent from the student or parent is required to examine or otherwise deal with the temporarily removed student property. For example, staff who temporarily remove a mobile phone from a student are not authorised to unlock the phone or to read, copy or delete messages stored on the phone;
- there may, however, be emergency circumstances where it is necessary to search a student's property without the student's consent or the consent of the student's parents (e.g. to access an EpiPen for an anaphylactic emergency);
- consent from the student or parent is required to search the person of a student (e.g. pockets or shoes). If consent is not provided and a search is considered necessary, the police and the student's parents should be called to make such a determination.

#### Parents of students at Rathdowney State School

- ensure your children do not bring property onto schools grounds or other settings used by the school (e.g. camp, sporting venues) that:
- is prohibited according to the Rathdowney State School Student Code of Conduct
- is illegal
- puts the safety or wellbeing of others at risk
- o does not preserve a caring, safe, supportive or productive learning environment
- o does not maintain and foster mutual respect;
- collect temporarily removed student property as soon as possible after they have been notified by the Principal or state school staff that the property is available for collection.

#### **Students** of Rathdowney State School

- do not bring property onto school grounds or other settings used by the school (e.g. camp, sporting venues) that:
- o is prohibited according to the Rathdowney State School Code of Conduct
- is illegal
- puts the safety or wellbeing of others at risk
- does not preserve a caring, safe, supportive or productive learning environment
- does not maintain and foster mutual respect;
- collect their property as soon as possible when advised by the Principal or state school staff it is available for collection.

#### Use of mobile phones and other devices by students

Digital literacy refers to the skills needed to live, learn and work in a society where communication and access to information is dominated by digital technologies like mobile phones. However, the benefits brought about through these diverse technologies can be easily overshadowed by deliberate misuse which harms others or disrupts learning.

In consultation with the broader school community, Rathdowney State School has determined that explicit teaching of responsible use of mobile phones and other devices is a critical component of digital literacy. The knowledge and confidence to navigate and use these technologies safely while developing digital literacy is a responsibility shared between parents, school staff and students.

It is also agreed that time and space should be provided at school where technology is not permitted, and students are encouraged to engage in other social learning and development activities. Students, parents and visitors will see posters, such as the example below, around the school that clearly identify our technology-free zones and times. Please respect the community agreed expectations for these spaces and behaviours.





#### Responsibilities

The responsibilities for students using mobile phones or other devices at school or during school activities, are outlined below.

It is acceptable for students at Rathdowney State School to:

- use mobile phones or other devices for
- o assigned class work and assignments set by teachers
- developing appropriate literacy, communication and information skills
- authoring text, artwork, audio and visual material for publication on the intranet or internet for educational purposes as supervised and approved by the school
- o conducting general research for school activities and projects
- communicating or collaborating with other students, teachers, parents or experts in relation to school work
- o accessing online references such as dictionaries, encyclopaedias, etc.
- researching and learning through the department's eLearning environment
- be courteous, considerate and respectful of others when using a mobile device
- switch off and place the mobile device out of sight during classes, before and after school, and during lunch breaks unless the device is being used in a teacher directed activity to enhance learning
- seek teacher's approval where they wish to use a mobile device under special circumstances.

#### It is **unacceptable** for students at Rathdowney State School to:

- · use a mobile phone or other devices in an unlawful manner
- use a mobile phone in technology-free designated spaces or times
- download, distribute or publish offensive messages or pictures
- use obscene, inflammatory, racist, discriminatory or derogatory language

- use language and/or threats of violence that may amount to bullying and/or harassment, or even stalking
- insult, harass or attack others or use obscene or abusive language
- deliberately waste printing and internet resources
- damage computers, printers or network equipment
- · commit plagiarism or violate copyright laws
- ignore teacher directions for the use of social media, online email and internet chat
- send chain letters or spam email (junk mail)
- knowingly download viruses or any other programs capable of breaching the department's network security
- use in-phone cameras anywhere a normal camera would be considered inappropriate, such as in change rooms or toilets
- invade someone's privacy by recording personal conversations or daily activities and/or the further distribution (e.g. forwarding, texting, uploading, Bluetooth use etc.) of such material
- use a mobile phone (including those with Bluetooth functionality) to cheat during exams or assessments
- take into or use mobile devices at exams or during class assessment unless expressly permitted by school staff.

At all times students, while using ICT facilities and devices supplied by the school, will be required to act in line with the requirements of the Rathdowney State School Student Code of Conduct. In addition students and their parents should:

- understand the responsibility and behaviour requirements (as outlined by the school) that come with accessing the department's ICT network facilities
- ensure they have the skills to report and discontinue access to harmful information if presented via the internet or email
- be aware that:
- o access to ICT facilities and devices provides valuable learning experiences for students and supports the school's teaching and learning programs
- the school is not responsible for safeguarding information stored by students on departmentallyowned student computers or mobile devices
- schools may remotely access departmentally-owned student computers or mobile devices for management purposes
- students who use a school's ICT facilities and devices in a manner that is not appropriate may be subject to disciplinary action by the school, which could include restricting network access
- despite internal departmental controls to manage content on the internet, illegal, dangerous or offensive information may be accessed or accidentally displayed
- teachers will always exercise their duty of care, but avoiding or reducing access to harmful information also requires responsible use by the student.

#### Safe, Responsible and Respectful Online

#### Students of [Exemplar State College]

In the event that you are engaging in online learning, please note that the same rules and norms apply as in a physical classroom (take notes; participate by asking and answering questions; wear classroom-ready clothing). For everyone's benefit, join the class in a quiet place. Turn on your video (if enabled). Mute your microphone unless you are speaking. Close browser tabs not required for participating in class. The success of this form of learning depends on the same commitment we all bring to the physical classroom.

#### **General Rules**

- 1. Follow appropriate protocols when engaged in online and teleconference sessions with teachers and other students as outlined in the school's ICT responsible use procedure (<u>Use of ICT systems</u>).
- 2. Be dressed in your school uniform when you appear on camera for any lessons or discussions with staff or other students, and use appropriate spoken and written language at all times.
- 3. Please make sure you set up your learning space in a quiet area, and that you remove any inappropriate or personal items from the view of the camera (e.g. posters, laundry).
- 4. Participate fully by meeting attendance requirements, participate in scheduled lessons, engage with online course material and initiate regular contact with teachers.
- 5. Use your EQ assigned web mail address for all communications with the school and take efforts to maintain communication through regular clearing of emails.

#### Acceptable/appropriate use/behaviour by a student engaged in online learning

It is acceptable for students to:

- use mobile devices for
  - assigned class work and assignments set by teachers
  - o developing appropriate literacy, communication and information skills
  - authoring text, artwork, audio and visual material for publication on the intranet or internet for educational purposes as supervised and approved by the school
  - conducting general research for school activities and projects
  - o communicating or collaborating with other students, teachers, parents or experts in relation to school work
  - o accessing online references such as dictionaries, encyclopaedias, etc.
  - o researching and learning through the department's eLearning environment
- be courteous, considerate and respectful of others when using a mobile device
- switch off and place out of sight mobile devices or other digital technologies during classes, where these devices and technologies are not being used in a teacher directed activity to enhance learning
- use personal mobile device for private use before or after school, or during recess and lunch breaks (if allowed by the school)
- seek teacher's approval where they wish to use a mobile device under special circumstances.

#### Unacceptable/inappropriate use/behaviour by a student engaged in online learning

It is unacceptable for students to:

- use the mobile device or other digital technology in an unlawful manner
- download, distribute or publish menacing, intimate, harassing or offensive messages or online content
- use of obscene, inflammatory, racist, discriminatory or derogatory language
- use content, language and/or threats of violence that may amount to bullying and/or harassment, self-harm or stalking
- insult, impersonate, harass or attack others or use obscene or abusive language

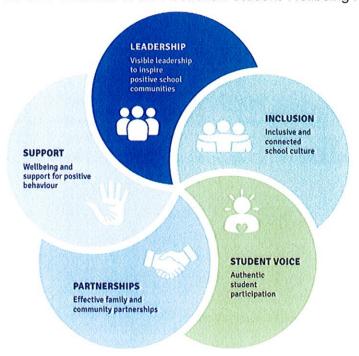
- deliberately waste printing and internet resources
- damage computers, printers or network equipment
- · commit plagiarism or violate copyright laws
- ignore teacher directions for the use of social media, online email and internet chat
- send chain letters or spam email (junk mail)
- knowingly download viruses or any other programs capable of breaching the department's network security
- use in-device cameras anywhere a normal camera would be considered inappropriate, such as in change rooms or toilets
- invade someone's privacy by recording personal conversations or daily activities and/or the further distribution (e.g. forwarding, texting, uploading, Bluetooth use etc.) of such material
- use the mobile device (including those with Bluetooth functionality) to cheat during exams or assessments
- use mobile devices at exams or during class assessments unless expressly permitted by school staff.

#### Preventing and responding to bullying

Rathdowney State School uses the <u>Australian Student Wellbeing Framework</u> to promote positive relationships and the wellbeing of all students, staff and visitors at the school.

Our staff know student learning is optimised when they feel connected to others and experience safe and trusting relationships. Students who feel secure are more likely to be active participants in their learning and to achieve better physical, emotional, social and educational outcomes. Teachers who feel valued and supported are more likely to engage positively with students and build stronger connections within the school community. Parents who are positively engaged with their child's education leads to improved student self-esteem, attendance and behaviour at school. Enhancing the wellbeing of students and their educators delivers overall long-term social, health and economic benefits to the Australian community.

Rathdowney State School has a **Student Leadership Forum**, with diverse representatives from each year level meeting regularly with the school leadership team to promote strategies to improve student wellbeing, safety and learning outcomes. The standing items on the agenda for each Student Leadership Forum are the core elements of the Australian Student Wellbeing Framework:



#### 1. Leadership

Principals and school leaders playing an active role in building a positive learning environment where the whole school community feels included, connected, safe and respected.

#### 2. Inclusion

All members of the school community actively participating in building a welcoming school culture that values diversity, and fosters positive, respectful relationships.

#### 3. Student voice

Students actively participate in their own learning and wellbeing, feel connected and use their social and emotional skills to be respectful, resilient and safe.

#### 4. Partnerships

Families and communities collaborating as partners with the school to support student learning, safety and wellbeing.

#### 5. Support

School staff, students and families sharing and cultivating an understanding of wellbeing and positive behaviour and how this supports effective teaching and learning.

A priority for the Student Leadership Forum is contributing to the implementation of strategies that enhance wellbeing, promote safety and counter violence, bullying and abuse in all online and physical spaces. The engagement of young people in the design of technology information and digital education programs for parents was a key recommendation from the <u>Queensland Anti-Cyberbullying Taskforce report</u> in 2018, and at Rathdowney State School we believe students should be at the forefront of advising staff, parents and the broader community about emerging issues and practical solutions suitable to different contexts.

#### **Bullying**

The agreed national definition for Australian schools describes bullying as

- ongoing and deliberate misuse of power in relationships through repeated verbal, physical and/or social behaviour that intends to cause physical, social and/or psychological harm;
- involving an individual or a group misusing their power, or perceived power, over one or more persons who feel unable to stop it from happening;
- happening in person or online, via various digital platforms and devices and it can be obvious (overt)
  or hidden (covert). Bullying behaviour is repeated, or has the potential to be repeated, over time (for
  example, through sharing of digital records);
- having immediate, medium and long-term effects on those involved, including bystanders. Single
  incidents and conflict or fights between equals, whether in person or online, are not defined as
  bullying.

Behaviours that do not constitute bullying include:

- mutual arguments and disagreements (where there is no power imbalance)
- not liking someone or a single act of social rejection
- one-off acts of meanness or spite
- isolated incidents of aggression, intimidation or violence.

However, these conflicts are still considered serious and need to be addressed and resolved. At Rathdowney State School our staff will work to quickly respond to any matters raised of this nature in collaboration with students and parents.

The following flowchart explains the actions Rathdowney State School teachers will take when they receive a report about student bullying, including bullying which may have occurred online or outside of the school setting. Please note that the indicative timeframes will vary depending on the professional judgment of teachers who receive the bullying complaint and their assessment of immediate risk to student/s.

#### Rathdowney State School - Bullying response flowchart for teachers

Please note these timelines may be adjusted depending on the unique circumstances and risk associated with each situation. This is at the professional judgment of the staff involved. Timeframes should be clearly discussed and agreed with student and family.

#### Key contacts for students and parents to report bullying: Prep to Year 6 - Class teacher Year 7 1 Dean -Provide a safe, quiet space to talk First hour Reassure the student that you will listen to them Listen Let them share their experience and feelings without interruption If you hold immediate concerns for the student's safety, let the student know how you will address these. Immediate in this circumstance is where the staff member believes the student is likely to experience harm (from others or self) within the next 24 hours Ask the student for examples they have of the alleged bullying (e.g. hand written notes or Day one screenshots) Write a record of your communication with the student Document Check back with the student to ensure you have the facts correct Enter the record in OneSchool Notify parent/s that the issue of concern is being investigated Gather additional information from other students, staff or family Day two Review any previous reports or records for students involved Collect Make sure you can answer who, what, where, when and how Clarify information with student and check on their wellbeing Evaluate the information to determine if bullying has occurred or if another disciplinary matter is at issue Make a time to meet with the student to discuss next steps Day three Ask the student what they believe will help address the situation Discuss Engage the student as part of the solution Provide the student and parent with information about student support network Agree to a plan of action and timeline for the student, parent and yourself Document the plan of action in OneSchool Day four Complete all actions agreed with student and parent within agreed timeframes Implement Monitor student and check in regularly on their wellbeing Seek assistance from student support network if needed Meet with the student to review situation Day five Discuss what has changed, improved or worsened Explore other options for strengthening student wellbeing or safety Review Report back to parent Record outcomes in OneSchool

Refer matter to specialist staff within 48 hours if problems escalate Look for opportunities to improve school wellbeing for all students

Record notes of follow-up meetings in OneSchool

Ongoing

Follow up

Continue to check in with student on regular basis until concerns have been mitigated

#### Cyberbullying

Cyberbullying is treated at Rathdowney State School with the same level of seriousness as in-person bullying. The major difference with cyberbullying however, is that unlike in-person bulling, cyberbullying follows students into their community, their homes and their bedrooms, giving them no opportunity to escape the harassment or abuse during the evening, weekends or holidays.

In the first instance, students or parents who wish to make a report about cyberbullying should approach the regular class teacher (for students in primary year levels) or the form class teacher (for students in secondary year levels). There is also a dedicated senior leadership officer, Dean of Students Malcolm Smith, who can be approached directly by students, parents or staff for assistance in preventing and responding to cyberbullying.

It is important for students, parents and staff to know that state school principals have the authority to take disciplinary action to address student behaviours that occur outside of school hours or school grounds. This includes cyberbullying. Parents and students who have concerns about cyberbullying incidents occurring during school holidays should immediately seek assistance through the Office of the e-Safety Commissioner or the Queensland Police Service.

Students enrolled at Rathdowney State School may face in-school disciplinary action, such as detention or removing of privileges, or more serious consequences such as suspension or exclusion from school for engaging in behaviour that adversely affects, or is likely to adversely affect, other students or the good order and management of the school. This includes behaviour such as cyberbullying which occurs outside of school hours or settings, for example on the weekend or during school holidays. It also applies to inappropriate online behaviour of enrolled students that is directed towards other community members or students from other school sites.

Parents or other stakeholders who engage in inappropriate online behaviour towards students, staff or other parents may be referred to the Office of the e-Safety Commissioner and/or the Queensland Police Service. State school staff will be referred for investigation to the Integrity and Employee Relations team in the Department of Education. Any questions or concerns about the school process for managing or responding to cyberbullying should be directed to Dean of Students, Malcolm Smith.

#### Rathdowney State School - Cyberbullying response flowchart for school staff

#### How to manage online incidents that impact your school

#### Student protection

If at any point the principal forms a reasonable suspicion that a student has been harmed or is at risk of harm, they have a responsibility to respond in accordance with the <a href="Student protection procedure">Student protection procedure</a>.

#### **Explicit images**

If the investigation involves naked or explicit images of children, staff should not save, copy, forward or otherwise deal with the content, as per the Temporary removal of student property by school staff procedure. This includes onto OneSchool records. Refer to the investigative process outlined in 'Responding to incidents involving naked or explicit images of children' from the Online Incident management guidelines.

#### Report

Refer to the Online incident management guidelines for more details, or if assistance is required, contact the Cybersafety and Reputation Management (CSRM)team on 3034 5035 or Cybersafety.ReputationManagement@qed.qld.gov.au.

#### Does the online behaviour/incident negatively impact the good order and management of the school?

YES OR NO

#### 1. Initiate an incident response

Start an incident management log (running sheet) which records times and dates of events, observations, tasks completed, persons involved and written conversational notes.

#### 2. Collect evidence

Gather and preserve any evidence of the online content or a potential unlawful online behaviour, where legally permissible. Confiscation of digital devices can only be done under the Temporary removal of student property by school staff procedure.

#### 3. Is there a potential crime?

The Queensland Criminal Code contains several applicable sections for cyberbullying. A list of potential relevant criminal offences can be viewed at Appendix 3, and include:

- · unlawful stalking
- · computer hacking and misuse
- · possession, distribution and making child exploitation material
- · fraud obtaining or dealing with identification information
- criminal defamation.

Inform the student's parent/s (and student if appropriate) of their options:

- 1. Report the incident to an external agency such as police, Office of the eSafety Commissioner or the Australian Cybercrime Online Reporting Network.
- Report the online content/behaviour using the online tools provided by the website or app.

Principals may start contact with a law enforcement agency (LEA) by completing an LEA referral form, under the Disclosing personal information to law enforcement agencies procedure. Refer back to Step 3 to report potential crimes that do not negatively impact the good order of the school.



Principals may start contact with a law enforcement agency (LEA) by completing an LEA referral form. Information can be shared when reasonably satisfied the disclosure is necessary for the prevention, detection, investigation, prosecution or punishment of a criminal offence or to assist in averting a serious risk to the life, health or safety of a person or where the disclosure is in the public interest. For access to the relevant forms, refer to Disclosing personal information to law enforcement agencies procedure.

Principals may continue to investigate the matter for disciplinary purposes, subject to all laws and department procedures.



Content may not constitute a criminal offence requiring police involvement but it may negatively impact the good order and management of the school. Principals can take action for the online behaviour as outlined below.

#### 4. Take steps to remove the upsetting or inappropriate content

Request poster to remove, use online reporting tools or if assistance is required, contact the CSRM team or Office of eSafety Commissioner.

#### 5. Managing student behaviour

Where the online behaviours of students do negatively impact the good order and management of the school, the principal must take appropriate follow-up action. Where appropriate:

- · take statutory disciplinary action to address cyberbullying:
  - that occurs outside of school hours or school grounds that also negatively affects
    the good order and management of the school (e.g. where the conduct, threats,
    intimidation or abuse have created, or would likely create a risk of, substantial
    disruption within the school environment, or where the conduct, threats,
    intimidation or abuse has or might reach school premises);
  - that is undertaken on or originating from school premises during school hours, or by means of use of school ICT, concerning other students, staff or members of the school community;
- OR use non-statutory options to deal with the matter, for example:
  - discussion with student's parents;
  - student mediation:
  - apology;
  - ICT / mobile technology ban;
  - guidance referral.

#### 6. Student welfare

Principals must consider and support the wellbeing of any student who is displaying apparent negative effects from cyberbullying, by means of offering the student guidance officer support.

#### 7. Recording the incident on OneSchool

If the incident was resolved at school-level, record details of the incident, as reported to the school and investigated through the incident management process, in the student's OneSchool behaviour record.

#### Cybersafety and Reputation Management (CRM)

The Department of Education employs a dedicated team of experts to assist in maintaining the integrity of the department's reputation with regards to cybersafety and reputation management issues, effectively leading the development and implementation of departmental cybersafety processes.

This team provides **direct support for schools** to respond to concerns of inappropriate online behaviour and misuse of information and communication technology.

The team provides a <u>guide for parents</u> with important information about cybersafety and cyberbullying, and suggestions about what you can do if your child is a target or responsible for inappropriate online behaviour.

The team has also developed a <u>Cyberbullying and reputation management</u> (Department employees only) resource to assist principals in incident management.

For more information about cybersafety sessions at your school, or for assistance with issues relating to online behaviour, contact the <u>team</u> (Department employees only).

#### Student Intervention and Support Services

Rathdowney State School recognises the need to provide intervention and support to all students involved in incidents of bullying, including cyberbullying.

Students who have been subject or witness to bullying have access to a range of internal support staff, as identified in the Student Support Network section earlier in this document. Students are, however, also encouraged to approach any staff member with whom they feel comfortable sharing their concerns, regardless of their role in the school. All staff at Rathdowney State School are familiar with the response expectations to reports of bullying, and will act quickly to ensure students' concerns are addressed. Depending on the nature of the reported bullying incident, a formal plan of action may be developed and documented to support the implementation of strategies to assist the student.

Students who engage in bullying behaviours towards others will also be provided with support to assist them to use more socially acceptable and appropriate behaviours in their interactions. This includes counselling, social development programs, referral to mental health services or involvement in a restorative justice strategy. School disciplinary measures may also be used to reinforce the seriousness with which the community takes all incidents of bullying. These measures may include withdrawal from social events or celebrations or more severe punishments such as suspension or exclusion from school.

#### Rathdowney State School - Anti-Bullying Compact

The Anti-Bullying Compact provides a clear outline of the way our community at Rathdowney State School works together to establish a safe, supportive and disciplined school environment. This compact is provided to all students and their parents upon enrolment, and may be revisited with individual students if particular problems around bullying arise.

#### Rathdowney State School - Anti Bullying Compact

We agree to work together to improve the quality of relationships in our community at Rathdowney State School. It is through intentional consideration of our behaviour and communication that we can reduce the occurrence of bullying, and improve the quality of the schooling experience for everyone.

The agreed national definition for Australian schools describes bullying as

- ongoing and deliberate misuse of power in relationships through repeated verbal, physical and/or social behaviour that intends to cause physical, social and/or psychological harm;
- involving an individual or a group misusing their power, or perceived power, over one or more persons
  who feel unable to stop it from happening;
- happening in person or online, via various digital platforms and devices and it can be obvious (overt)
  or hidden (covert). Bullying behaviour is repeated, or has the potential to be repeated, over time (for
  example, through sharing of digital records);
- having immediate, medium and long-term effects on those involved, including bystanders. Single
  incidents and conflict or fights between equals, whether in person or online, are not defined as
  bullying.

We believe that no one deserves to be mistreated and that everyone regardless of race, colour, religion, immigration status, nationality, size, gender, popularity, athletic capability, academic outcomes, social ability, or intelligence has the right to feel safe, secure, and respected.

#### I agree to:

- Treat everyone with kindness and respect.
- Abide by the school's anti-bullying policies and procedures.
- Support individuals who have been bullied.
- Speak out against verbal, relational, physical bullying and cyber bullying.
- Notify a parent, teacher, or school administrator when bullying does occur.

Student's signature

Parent's signature

School representative signature

Date

#### Appropriate use of social media

The internet, mobile phones and social media provide wonderful opportunities for students to network and socialise online. While these technologies provide positive platforms for sharing ideas, they also have the potential to cause pain and suffering to individuals, groups or even whole communities.

It's important to remember that sometimes negative comments posted about the school community have a greater impact than expected. This guide offers some information about how to use social media in relation to comments or posts about the school community. Reputations of students, teachers, schools, principals and even parents can be permanently damaged — and in some cases, serious instances of inappropriate online behaviour are dealt with by police and the court system.

Being aware of a few simple strategies can help keep the use of social media positive and constructive:

- Before you post something online, ask yourself if the community or individual really need to know. Is it relevant, positive and helpful?
- Remember that what you post online is a direct reflection of who you are.
   People will potentially form lasting opinions of you based on what you post online.
- Be a good role model. If things get heated online consider logging out and taking a few moments to relax and think. Hasty, emotive responses could inflame situations unnecessarily.
- Be mindful when commenting, try to keep general and avoid posting anything that could identify individuals.
- A few years ago parents may have discussed concerns or issues with their friends at the school gate. Today with the use of social media, online discussions between you and your close friends can very quickly be shared with a much wider audience, potentially far larger than intended.
- Taking a few moments to think about the content you are about to post could save upset, embarrassment, and possible legal action.
- As a parent you have a role in supervising and regulating your child's online
  activities at home and its impact on the reputation and privacy of others.
  Parents are their child's first teachers so they will learn online behaviours
  from you.

#### Is it appropriate to comment or post about schools, staff or students?

Parental and community feedback is important for schools and the department. If you have a compliment, complaint or enquiry about an issue at school, the best approach is to speak directly to the school about the matter, rather than discussing it in a public forum.

While many schools use social media to update parents of school notices, the department prefers that parents contact schools directly with a compliment, complaint or enquiry due to privacy considerations. Imagine if your doctor, accountant or banking institution tried to contact you to discuss important matters via Facebook.

If you have raised an issue with a school or know that another person has, consider refraining from discussing those details on social media, particularly the names of anyone involved.

Keep comments calm and polite, just as you would over the telephone or by email. If you encounter negative or derogatory content online which involves the school, hinders a child's learning and/or affects the school community at large, contact the school principal.

#### Possible civil or criminal ramifications of online commentary

A serious instance of inappropriate online behaviour may constitute a criminal offence and become a police matter. For example, online content may substantiate the offence of 'using a carriage service to menace, harass or cause offence' (*Criminal Code Act 1995* (Cwth) s. 474.17). School staff may contact their union or obtain personal legal advice if they feel that online content seriously impacts their reputation. Defamatory online content may give rise to litigation under the *Defamation Act 2005* (Qld).

#### What about other people's privacy?

If you upload photos of your children, be mindful of who might be in the background. You might be happy to share your child's successes with your friends and family via social media, but some parents are not. If you are tagging or naming students, consider that other parents may not want their child's name attached to images online.

#### What if I encounter problem content?

Taking the following steps may help resolve the issue in a constructive way:

- refrain from responding
- take a screen capture or print a copy of the concerning online content
- if you consider problem content to be explicit, pornographic or exploitative
  of minors, you should keep a record of the URL of the page containing that
  content but NOT print or share it. The URL can be provided to the school
  principal, or police, as needed for escalation of serious concerns
- block the offending user
- report the content to the social media provider.

#### Restrictive Practices

School staff at Rathdowney State School need to respond to student behaviour that presents a risk of physical harm to the student themselves or others. It is anticipated that most instances of risky behaviour can be de-escalated and resolved quickly. On some rarer occasions, a student's behaviour may continue to escalate and staff need to engage immediately with positive and proactive strategies aimed at supporting the student to manage their emotional arousal and behaviour.

In some very rare situations, where there is immediate risk of physical harm to the student or other people, and when all other alternative strategies have failed to reduce the risk, it may be necessary for staff to use restrictive practices.

The use of restrictive practices will always be as a last resort, when there is no other available option for reducing immediate risk to the student, staff or other people. Restrictive practices are not used for punishment or as a disciplinary measure.

The department's <u>Restrictive practices procedure</u> is written with consideration for the protection of everyone's human rights, health, safety and welfare. There are six fundamental principles:

- 1. Regard to the human rights of those students
- 2. Safeguards students, staff and others from harm
- 3. Ensures transparency and accountability
- 4. Places importance on communication and consultation with parents and carers
- 5. Maximises the opportunity for positive outcomes, and
- 6. Aims to reduce or eliminate the use of restrictive practices.

Very rarely restrictive practices will be planned and staff will employ, when necessary, pre-arranged strategies and methods (of physical restraint/ mechanical restraint/ clinical holding) which are based upon behaviour risk assessment or clinical health need and are recorded in advance. The use of planned strategies will only be where there is foreseeable immediate risk consistent with the **Restrictive practices procedure**.

Seclusion will not be used as a planned response and will only be used in serious circumstances for managing an unforeseeable situation in an emergency. It will be used for the shortest time possible and in a safe area that presents no additional foreseeable risk to the student. In such emergencies, a staff member will observe the student at all times and seclusion will cease as soon as possible.

Following the use of any restrictive practice, a focused review will help staff to understand how they responded to the risk in any incident that involved the use of a restrictive practice. Staff will consider whether there are other options for managing a similar situation in the future. This strategy works well for reducing the use of restrictive practices.

All incidents of restrictive practices will be recorded and reported in line with departmental procedures.

#### Critical Incidents

It is important that all school staff have a consistent understanding of how to respond in emergencies involving student behaviour that seriously endangers the student or others. This consistency ensures that appropriate actions are taken to ensure that both students and staff are kept safe.

A critical incident is defined as an occurrence that is sudden, urgent, and usually unexpected, or an occasion requiring immediate action (e.g. in the community, on the road). The aim in these situations is to bring the behaviour of the student under rapid and safe control. It is not a time to try and to punish or discipline the student; it is a crisis management period only.

Staff should follow the documented plan for any student involved in regular critical incidents, which should be saved and available for staff to review in OneSchool.

For unexpected critical incidents, staff should use basic defusing techniques:

- 1. Avoid escalating the problem behaviour: Avoid shouting, cornering the student, moving into the student's space, touching or grabbing the student, sudden responses, sarcasm, becoming defensive, communicating anger and frustration through body language.
- 2. Maintain calmness, respect and detachment: Model the behaviour you want students to adopt, stay calm and controlled, use a serious measured tone, choose your language carefully, avoid humiliating the student, be matter of fact and avoid responding emotionally.
- 3. Approach the student in a non-threatening manner: Move slowly and deliberately toward the problem situation, speak privately to the student/s where possible, speak calmly and respectfully, minimise body language, keep a reasonable distance, establish eye level position, be brief, stay with the agenda, acknowledge cooperation, withdraw if the situation escalates.
- 4. Follow through: If the student starts displaying the appropriate behaviour briefly acknowledge their choice and re-direct other students' attention towards their usual work/activity. If the student continues with the problem behaviour, then remind them of the expected school behaviour and identify consequences of continued unacceptable behaviour.
- 5. Debrief: At an appropriate time when there is low risk of re-escalation, help the student to identify the sequence of events that led to the unacceptable behaviour, pinpoint decision moments during the sequence of events, evaluate decisions made, and identify acceptable decision options for future situations

#### APPENDIX 1

#### **Rathdowney State School**

### **EXPECTATIONS OF BEHAVIOUR**

#### **SCHOOL EXPECTATIONS**

All school behavioural expectations relate to 3 basic rules

- Be safe
- Be respectful
- Be responsible

Everyone at Rathdowney State School is expected to:

- behave in a courteous, polite and honest manner at all times
- use courteous, and decent language always
- follow direct instructions
- be punctual
- behave responsibly
- respect the rights of others
- treat public or private property with care
- observe good standards of personal health and hygiene
- keep the school clean and tidy at all times
- show pride in themselves and their work
- encourage and allow others to do their best
- make all visitors to the school feel welcome

Below is information for specific purposes.

#### **DRESS**

- Students are expected to wear school uniform everyday to show pride in our school and create a sense
  of belonging.
- The only permitted jewellery items are a watch and a single stud or sleeper in each ear. When appropriate, usually for safety reasons during sport, all jewellery must be removed and handed to the care of the supervising teacher.
- Make up is only permitted to be worn for specific purposes eg. Performance of plays, etc.
- Students must wear shoes at all times unless otherwise directed by a teacher. (refer to school's dress code)

#### **PROPERTY**

- Students are only permitted to be inside classrooms or on verandahs during lunch hours, with special permission from a teacher.
- Expensive games, electronic games, mobile phones, i-pods, or similar, cameras, toys or jewellery should not be brought to school. (see Appendix 2)
- School electronic equipment is to be used only as directed by staff.
- Students will accept full responsibility for personal possessions brought to school.
- Students will ensure all equipment borrowed is returned to the designated area from where it was obtained.
- Bicycle racks are out of bounds during school times.
- Garden areas are out of bounds students are to use walkways.

#### HYGIENE

- Students will remain in classroom for the first 10 mins of each break to eat their lunches. If they need longer to eat their lunches, they are to finish eating in the eating area under block A.
- Students will use toilets for the appropriate purpose and in the correct manner.
- Students will place all litter in appropriate receptacles.
- Students will wash hands after using the toilet, before eating and before commencing schoolwork after play.

#### **SAFETY**

- Students will remain in their designated play area. Out of bounds areas are
  - a) front of school
  - b) transpiration area
  - c) garden areas
  - d) school car park
  - e) areas outside the school boundary.
- Students are not to run on paved and concrete areas, on verandas, stairwells or in classrooms.
- Students are to remain in school grounds unless parental and/or administrative permission is given.
- Late arrivals and early departures must be signed in or out.

- · Students are to remain in classrooms during school hours unless given teacher's permission to leave
- · Climbing is restricted to playground equipment.
- Students will proceed in an orderly fashion while moving around the school.
- Students are not to throw missiles.
- Students are not to bring dangerous objects to school.
- Students will wheel bicycles to and from gates and racks.
- Students will wear helmets when riding bicycles to/from school.
- Students must wear hats and be encouraged to wear sunscreen when in the sun.
- Students must wear swim shirts for all school swimming events and lessons.
- Students must wear suitable shoes at all times unless permitted by a teacher to remove them for a specific purpose.
- Students will obey correct safety rules.
- Students can only be in a school car park if accompanied by a responsible adult.
- Students are to walk along verandas at all times.

#### **BUS TRAVEL**

- Students are to stay seated when bus is moving, and wear seatbelts while bus is in motion.
- Students are to wait until bus has completely stopped before getting on or off.
- Students are to obey all directions from the driver.
- Students are to behave sensibly and safely having respect for all others on the bus. They are to use a moderate voice. (no yelling).
- Students are to be responsible for all their own belongings while on the bus.

- Changes to an individual student's bus routine are to be notified through the school's office before 2:50pm each day.
- Notification of changes to the school bus timetable will be the responsibility of the bus company.
- Students must cooperate with the driver's instructions to allow him/her to meet his/her obligation to safely convey students to their designated stops.
- Requests by the driver to cease unruly behaviour by students must be complied with.
- Students are not to eat or drink on the bus unless permitted by driver.
- Students' arms and heads to be kept completely inside windows, and feet off seats.
- Students must stand well clear of bus after getting off. Students are to wait at the kerb side until the bus has departed, and there is a clear view of both sides of the road before crossing.
- Students may be required to share seats so no students have to stand, sit on engine cover, on steps or in the aisle. Students should not refuse to share a seat.

#### **EXCURSIONS**

- Students will comply with school rules while on excursion.
- Students are to stay with the group at all times.
- Students, when travelling on different forms of transport, are to remain seated with feet sensibly placed and facing the front while the vehicle is in motion, and wait until instructed to move.
- Students are not permitted to take money unless otherwise organised as per excursion notice.

#### **CLASSROOMS**

- Each class will establish its own set of behavioural expectations within the framework of this policy.
- Specialist teachers will establish behavioural expectations with each class to promote a positive and productive learning environment for the students.

#### Appendix 2

	Behaviour Reflection	on Sheet (Prep -	- 2)
Name:		Date:	
What did I do?			
$\bigcirc$			
What should I h	nave done?		

# Rathdowney State School

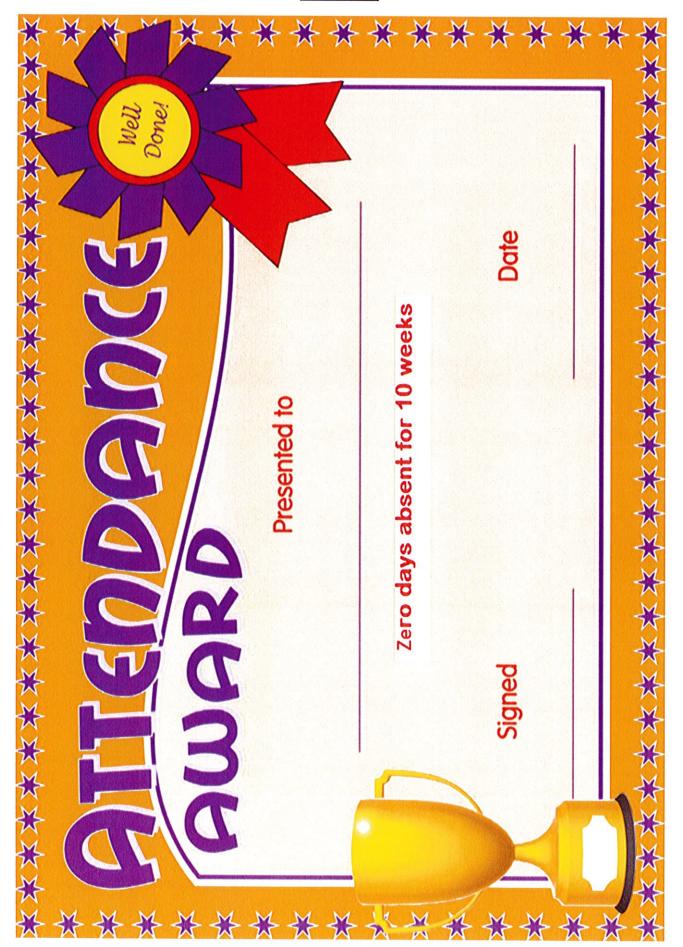
# Working it out (years 3 - 6)

NAME:	CL	_ASS	.DATE	
What I did				
What rule I broke	or infringed			
Be safe	Be Respectful	: Be	Responsible	
Why is it importan	t to obey this rule?			
What I think I cou	uld do to fix it up			
Teacher/Principal:				
Parents' Signature		 Date		

# Rathdowney State School

# Working it out (Senior)

NAME:	CLASS.	DATE	
What happened? (i	nclude where, when, why as		
Can I justify my be	·		
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••			
			••••••
What rule I broke	or infringed.		
□ Be safe	□ Be Respectful	□ Be Responsible	
What could I have	done differently?		
Thinking about goir behave the same w	ay as I did today?	what will happen there if I mak	
Teacher/Principal:			

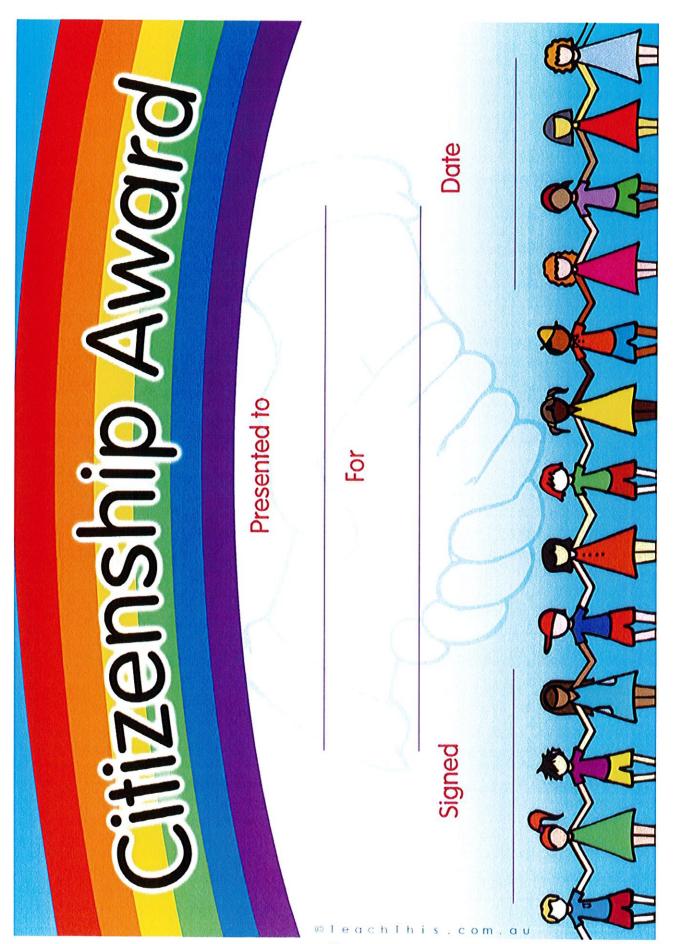


# Aftendance Award

"Every day Counts"

Signed: \_\_\_\_\_ Dated:\_\_\_\_

#### Appendix 5



# Appendix 6 **ARE YOU BEING BULLIED?** Can I deal with this problem Ignored, teased or using our 'High Five' Strategy threatened? 1. Ignore YES 2. Walk away 3. Talk friendly Pushed, hit or kicked? 4. Talk firmly 5. Ask a teacher to help out Belongings stolen or damaged? Solve it by yourself ${f A}$ sk a friend NO Find a teacher Explore your options Tell someone who will What Else care: Trusted adult 0 Can You Do? Teacher 0 Parent Friend TO AVOID BULLYING: TO DEAL WITH BULLYING: 1. Ignore it.

Examine own behaviour.

Network of friends.

Avoid location/people.

Assertiveness training.

Develop positive self image.

- 2. Walk away.
- 3. Don't give them the satisfaction.
- 4. Call their bluff.
- 5. Divert their attention in another direction.
- 6. Personal script.
- 7. Negotiate.

#### Appendix 7

# WHAT CAN PARENTS DO TO HELP?

Parents can assist in making major difference to the mindset of children vulnerable to bullying. Here are some suggestions:-

- **★** Closely monitor your child's feelings about school and other children. Look beyond the superficial responses (e.g. "How was school today?" "Good") and check for signs of real contentment.
- ★ When bullying is detected, it is important to listen carefully and find out exactly what is happening. Don't get angry and ring the school immediately. Find out who said what, and why. Remain calm but supportive, confident and protective.
- **★ Take measured action.** For instance, ring and make a private appointment with the appropriate person at the school (teacher, principal, guidance officer). You may ask the child whom it would be good to talk to. Discuss what has been happening, and why. Work out a joint strategy with the school (what you'll do: what the school will do).
- ★ Keep records. Every bullying incident must be recorded, so that the school has clear evidence of what is going on. (It's not enough to say, 'Sally has been bullying my daughter.' A school needs dates, words said, actions, if it is to respond effectively.)
- ★ Initiate actions designed to build up your child's confidence and self-esteem, such as
  - Spending more time with him/her in favoured activities (sport, hobbies, outings, etc)
  - Praising him/her for achievements and for being 'such a great kid'
  - Avoiding negatives (including things you normally nag about) now is not the time for criticism!
  - If something goes wrong (a bad mark, some crisis or other), reminding him/her that he/she is a wonderful person, and that whatever went wrong is trivial (as appropriate).
- **↓ Foster friendships** and a positive peer group. Encourage your child to invite friends home, or offer to take them out for a special treat, thereby strengthening the network of intimate relationships. Whatever you do *don't treat the peer group as the enemy*. This will isolate your son/daughter and make him/her even more unhappy and vulnerable.
  - Teach your child how to be confident. This is largely common sense, but here are reminders:
  - Walk tall (don't hunch or crumple')
  - Look people in the eye (don't stare at the floor)
  - Speak clearly and distinctly (not in a whisper)
  - Breathe calmly and keep the pace normal (don't fidget and twitch).
- ★ You may like to demonstrate these things, and explain that sometimes other people take advantage of you if they think you're scared.
- ★ If specific hurtful words were used, it can be helpful to 'desensitise' your child to such words. Laugh about them. Talk about how silly words are.
- **◆ Offer advice** about ways to 'deflect' the bullying, such as non-committal replies. Whatever you do, *don't* advise a violent response. This will only make the situation worse, and could put your child in the wrong.
- Lonstantly check for progress, and keep the school informed of how things are going. As a parent, you are well placed to know what's happening.